



SIARAN MEDIA

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INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA

Consumer Price Index

(Jan 2010=100)

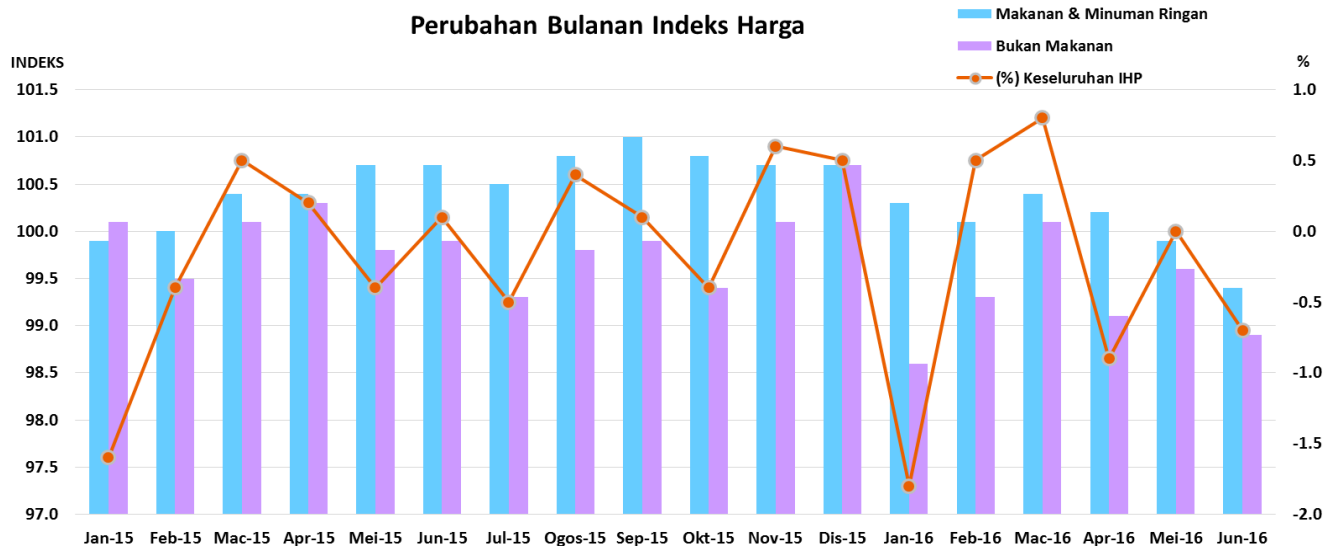
JUN 2016
June 2016



**SIARAN MEDIA
JABATAN PERANCANGAN DAN KEMAJUAN EKONOMI
JABATAN PERDANA MENTERI**

INDEKS HARGA PENGGUNA (IHP), JUN 2016

1. Indeks Harga Pengguna (IHP) bagi bulan Jun 2016 telah menunjukkan penurunan sebanyak 0.7 peratus berbanding Mei 2016. Sementara itu, Indeks Makanan dan Minuman Ringan dan Bukan Makanan masing-masing mencatatkan penurunan sebanyak 0.6 peratus dan 0.7 peratus.



2. Faktor utama yang menyebabkan penurunan pada indeks harga pengguna bulanan adalah Indeks Rekreasi dan Kebudayaan sebanyak 2.6 peratus, terutamanya disebabkan oleh harga yang rendah bagi komputer dan aksesori komputer serta tumbuh-tumbuhan semula jadi dan bunga. Ini diikuti oleh penurunan bagi Indeks Perhiasan, Peralatan Isi Rumah dan Penyelenggaraan Rutin Isi Rumah sebanyak 1.5 peratus yang disebabkan oleh penurunan harga bagi kebanyakan perabot dan perhiasan. Indeks Makanan dan Minuman Ringan juga

menurun sebanyak 0.6 peratus yang disebabkan oleh harga yang rendah bagi beras dan bijirin (0.1 peratus), daging (0.5 peratus), ikan dan makanan laut (1.1 peratus), susu, produk tenusu dan telur (0.3 peratus), minyak dan bahan lemak (1.2 peratus), sayur-sayuran (1.5 peratus), gula, jem, madu, coklat dan konfeksi (0.2 peratus), lain-lain produk makanan (0.8 peratus), kopi, teh dan koko (0.5 peratus) dan air mineral, minuman ringan, jus buah-buahan dan sayuran (0.9 peratus).

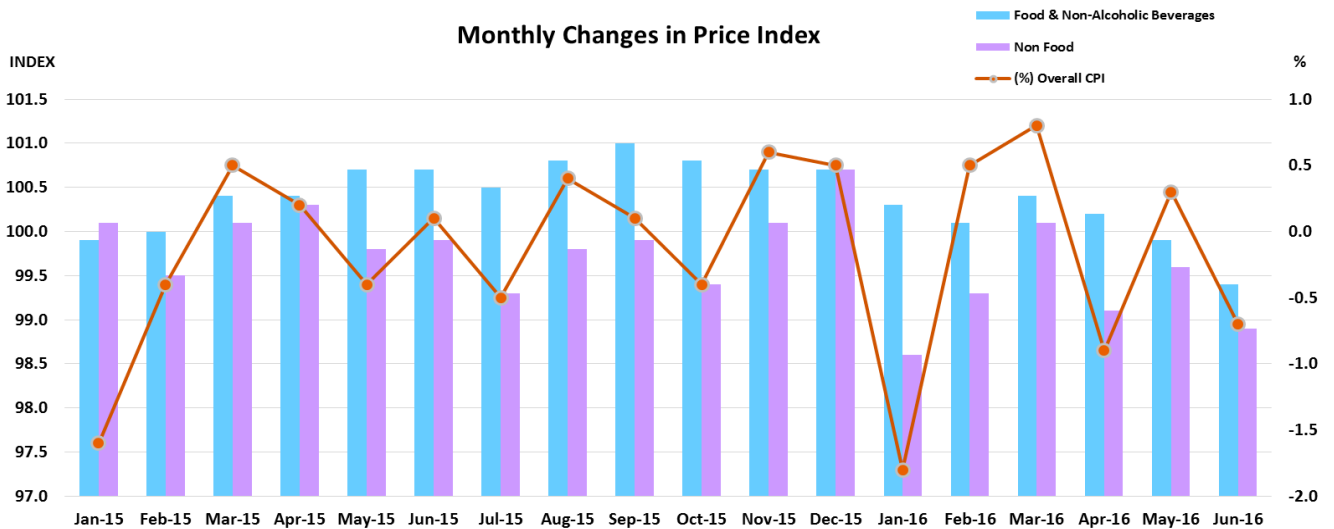
3. Sementara itu, Indeks Restoran dan Hotel mencatatkan kenaikan sebanyak 0.5 peratus disebabkan oleh harga yang tinggi bagi beberapa hidangan terpilih di restoran dan kafe. Indeks Kesihatan juga meningkat sebanyak 0.2 peratus disebabkan oleh kenaikan harga yang rendah bagi penyediaan perubatan dan ubat yang berpaten. Manakala, indeks yang tidak menunjukkan perubahan adalah indeks Perumahan, Air, Elektrik, Gas dan Bahan Bakar Lain; dan Pendidikan.
4. Berbanding Jun 2015, IHP bagi Jun 2016 menurun sebanyak 1.1 peratus sebahagian besarnya adalah disebabkan oleh penurunan pada indeks Perumahan, Air, Elektrik, Gas dan Bahan Bakar Lain sebanyak 4.2 peratus; Pengangkutan (1.5 peratus); dan Makanan dan Minuman Ringan (1.4 peratus).
5. IHP adalah petunjuk bagi mengukur perubahan harga barangan dan perkhidmatan yang dibayar oleh pengguna dalam satu tempoh masa tertentu. Senarai barangan dan perkhidmatan dalam IHP adalah berasaskan maklumat perbelanjaan purata sebuah keluarga yang diperolehi melalui Kajian Perbelanjaan Keluarga. Laporan penuh IHP bagi bulan Jun 2016 boleh didapati melalui laman web JPKE: www.depd.gov.bn.



**MEDIA RELEASE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT
PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE**

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI), JUNE 2016

- The Consumer Price Index (CPI) in June 2016 has shown a decrease of 0.7 per cent over May 2016. Meanwhile, the Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages and Non-Food Index both decreased by 0.6 per cent and 0.7 per cent, respectively.



- The main factor associated with the fall of the month-on-month Consumer Price Index were Recreation and Culture Index by 2.6 per cent, mainly due to a decrease in prices of computers and computer accessories as well as natural plants and flower. This was followed by a decrease in the Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance Index by 1.5 per cent, led by lower prices of several furniture and furnishings. The Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages Index also decreased by 0.6 per cent due to lower prices of rice and cereals (0.1 per cent), meat (0.5 per cent), fish and seafood (1.1 per cent), milk, dairy products and eggs (0.3 per cent), oil and fats (1.2 per cent), vegetables (1.5 per cent), sugar, jam, honey, chocolate and confectionery (0.2 per cent), other food products (0.8 per cent), coffee, tea and

cocoa (0.5 per cent) as well as mineral waters, soft drinks, fruit and vegetable juices (0.9 per cent).

3. *On the other hand, the Restaurants and Hotel Index recorded an increase of 0.5 per cent due to higher prices of food at the selected restaurants and cafes. Health Index also increase by 0.2 per cent mainly due to higher prices of medicinal preparations and patent medicines. Meanwhile, indices for Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuel; and Education remained unchanged.*
4. *In comparison to June 2015, the CPI for June 2016 has decreased by 1.1 per cent, mainly due to fall in indices of Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels by 4.2 per cent; Transport (1.5 per cent); and Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages (1.4 per cent).*
5. *CPI is a measure of price changes of goods and services paid by the consumer in a specified period. The list of goods and services in the CPI is based on the average expenditure per household from the Household Expenditure Survey. The CPI full report for June 2016 is available from JPKE's website: www.depd.gov.bn.*